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| 10/645,800 | 08/22/2003 | Jin Hyung Ryu | HI-0174 | 9284 |
| 34610 7590 05/07/2009 KED & ASSOCIATES, LLP P.O. Box 221200 Chantilly, VA 20153-1200 | | | | |
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

10/645,800

Applicant(s)

RYU ET AL.

Examiner

DUC Q. DINH

Art Unit

2629

Period for Reply -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 17 February 2009.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-5, 7 and 13-18 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-5, 7 and 13-18 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☐ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/S508)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application
- 6) ☐ Other: _____

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

2. Claims 1-5, 7 and 13-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Applicant Admitted Prior Art, hereafter, AAPA, pages 1-8 in view of Kumar et al. (U.S Patent No. 5,876,536).

In reference to claim 1 the AAPA discloses in Figs. 3-4 a conventional (page 8, lines 5-6) driving apparatus of a plasma display panel (PDP), comprising:

a digital data receiver (31) for receiving a distal video data signal and a synchronous signal:

a digital video controller (37) for supplying gamma-corrected digital video data signal to the digital data receiver and for supplying sustain pulse number information to the digital data receiver;

a multi-chip module (32) in which a plurality of control chips having a control circuit (ASIC 26) for controlling the PDP, and a plurality memories (RAM 33) are mounted on a single package (32), wherein the multi-chip module is mounted on a printed circuit board (PCB 32) of a control board (13) [Paragraph 0024] (the original

specification discloses control board 13 is a conventional art at paragraph [0026]) separately from the digital data receiver (31) and the digital video controller (37);

a plurality of buffers (34 and 36) for buffering signals between the multi-chip module (32) and a plurality of driving unit (18A and 18B).

The input/output lines coupling the plurality of control chips and the plurality of memories within a single package (32) (**paragraph [0013-0016]**).

The AAPA does not disclose the multi-chip model includes a plurality of green tapes for mounting the control chip and the memory.

Kumar discloses circuit boards are made by casting glass and/or ceramic powders together with an organic powders into tapes, called green are used multilayer circuit board are well known to formed multilayer printed board. (col. 1, lines 14-26)

Therefore, it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to used the green tapes layers as the circuit board for the control chip and memory of the AAPA system as taught by Kumar because it could be used with lower melting, more conductive metals, such as silver, gold and copper for the circuit board to connect the I/O lines connecting the plurality of control chips and plurality of memories (col. 1, lines 35-37 of Kumar).

In reference to claim 2, the AAPA discloses the package is a ball grid type [0022].

In reference to claim 3, the AAPA discloses the multiple chip module transmits a control signal to each driving unit via the PCB (Figs. 3-4; [0021-0022]).

In reference to claim 4, the AAPA discloses a display comprising:

a control board (13) provided with a multi-chip module (32) in which a plurality of control chips having a control circuit (26) for controlling a plasma display panel, and a plurality of memories (33) are mounted on a single package on a single printed circuit board (32) of the control board (13) the input/output lines coupling the plurality of control chips and the plurality of memories within a single package (32) (**paragraph [0013-0016]**); the original specification discloses control board 13 is a conventional art at paragraph [0026]);;

a plurality of driving units (18A-18B of Figs. 3-4) for generating and applying a driving signal corresponding to a control signal generated from the control board (13);
and

the PDP (Fig. 4) for displaying an image by a plasma discharge according to the driving signal applied from each of the plurality of driving units [0020-0025].

wherein the control board comprises:

a digital data receiver (31) for receiving a digital video data signal a a synchronous signal;

a digital video controller (37) for supplying gamma-corrected digital video data signal to the digital data receiver and for supplying sustain pulse number information to the digital data receiver, and

a plurality of buffers (34,36) for buffering signals between the multi-chip module (32) and the plurality of driving units (34, 36), and wherein the multi-chip module is

mounted on the single printed circuit board separately from the digital data receiver and the digital video controller. (see Figs. 9)

The AAPA does not disclose the multi-chip model includes a plurality of green tapes for mounting the control chip and the memory.

Kumar discloses circuit boards are made by casting glass and/or ceramic powders together with an organic powders into tapes, called green are used multilayer circuit board are well known to formed multilayer printed board. (col. 1, lines 14-26)

Therefore, it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to used the green tapes layers as the circuit board for the control chip and memory of the AAPA system as taught by Kumar because it could be used with lower melting, more conductive metals, such as silver, gold and copper for the circuit board to connect the I/O lines connecting the plurality of control chips and plurality of memories (col. 1, lines 35-37 of Kumar).

In reference to claim 5, the AAPA discloses wherein the single package is a ball grid type.

In reference to claim 7, the AAPA discloses at least one of the control chips is an ASIC type having a control circuit (Figs, 3-4).

In reference to claim 13, the AAPA discloses a plasma display panel (PDP) driving apparatus comprising:

a digital data receiver (31) for receiving a digital video data signal and a synchronous signal;

a digital video controller (37) for supplying gamma-corrected digital video data signal to the digital data receiver and for supplying sustain pulse number information to the digital data receiver;

a multi-chip module (32) in which at least one of a plurality, of control chips (ASIC) having a control circuit for controlling the PDP, and at least one memory, (RAM) of a plurality, of memories are mounted on a single package on a single printed circuit board (32) of a control board (13) separately from the digital data receiver (31) and the digital video controller (37); and

a plurality of buffers (34 and 36) for buffering signals between the multi-chip module and a plurality of driving units;

wherein at least one of the plurality of control chips (ASIC) and at least one of the plurality of memories are formed on a front of the circuit package (see Fig. 4) and an input output lines are formed through the plurality of the circuit and the I/O lines connect the at least one control chip and the at least one memory [0024-0025].

The AAPA does not disclose the multiple chip module includes a circuit package having a plurality of circuit layers.

Kumar discloses circuit boards are made by casting glass and/or ceramic powders together with an organic powders into tapes, called green are used multilayer circuit board are well known. (col. 1, lines 14-26)

Therefore, it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to used the green tapes layers as the circuit board for the control chip and memory of the AAPA system as taught by Kumar because it could be used

with lower melting, more conductive metals, such as silver, gold and copper for multi layer the circuit board to connect the I/O lines connecting the plurality of control chips and plurality of memories (col. 1, lines 35-37 of Kumar (col. 1, lines 16-29 and 35-37)

In reference to claim 14, refer to the rejection as applied to claim 2.

In reference to claim 15, refer to the rejection as applied to claim 3.

In reference to claim 16 the AAPA discloses a plurality of driving units to (18 at [0018]) generate and apply driving signals corresponding to control signals received from the plurality of buffer (34-363).

In reference to claim 17, the AAPA discloses display (22) to display an image by a plasma discharge based on the driving signals applied from each of the plurality of driving units.

In reference to claim 18, the AAPA discloses wherein the control chip comprises an ASIC type (see claim 7).

Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments filed on February 17 2009 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

With respect to claims 1 and 4, Applicant's argues that "the controller 32 are not the same as the claimed mutichip module and the MCM 62 is actually a single element and a single package in which a plurality of control chips and memories are formed..", the examiner respectfully disagrees. As discussed above, the AAPA paragraphs [0015-0016] disclose the board 32 is implemented in an ASIC type, in which plurality of

memories 33 are integrated to form a single package (please see Fig. 4 for memories and ASIC and Fig. 9A for single element 32 of the controller is illustrated comparing with Fig. 9B of the application). In addition the system control chip 26 is generally formed by a ball grid type array thereby I/O signal lines connecting the control chips 26 and memories 33 are not formed directly on the PBC but are formed within a single package as claimed. Therefore, the AAPA clearly teaches a multiple chips module (32) in which a plurality of control chips (26) having a control circuit for control the plasma display, and a plurality of memories (33) are mounted on a single package as in claims 1-4.

With respect to the argument the AAPA does not teach or suggest a digital data receiver and a digital data receiver please see paragraphs [0014-0019] of the AAPA. In addition, please see the conventional control board (13) of Fig. 9A with multiple chip-module are mounted on a single printed circuit board 32 of the control board 13 separately from the digital data receiver and the video controller for claim 4

With respect to claim 13, refer to the same argument as applied to claims 1-4. In addition, Fig. 4 shows at least one memory RAM of a plurality of memories are mounted on a single package on a single printed circuit board 32 as shown in Fig. 9A of a control board 13 separately from the digital data receiver 31 and digital video controller 37 in Fig. 4

Therefore, the rejection is maintained

Conclusion

4. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to DUC Q. DINH whose telephone number is (571) 272-7686. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri from 8:00.AM-4:00.PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Richard Hjerpe can be reached on (571) 272-7691. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is **571-273-8300**.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Art Unit: 2629

/Duc Q Dinh/
Primary Examiner,
Art Unit 2629